

VietNam Holding Ltd (VNH) is a closed-end fund listed on the London Stock Exchange. VNH aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing in high-growth companies in Vietnam. It has an actively managed, high conviction portfolio with integrated ESG. Core investment themes are domestic consumption, industrialisation and urbanization.

Fund Overview	Portfolio

Shares Price	298.0 pence	Number of Investments		28
NAV	350.1 pence	Median Portfolio Market Cap		\$1,142m
	\$4.505	Foreign Ownership Limit Stocks*		29.4%
Discount / Premium	-14.9%			
Total Net Assets	\$124.7m	Thematic Exposure		
Shares in Issue	28m	Industrialisation		30%
Portfolio Managers	Vu Quang Thinh	Domestic Consumption		12%
	Craig Martin	Urbanisation		15%
Investment Manager	Dynam Capital			
Ticker	VNH		2023E	2024F
Website	www.vietnamholding.com	EPS Growth	17.3%	17.1%
		P/E Ratio	9.3	7.7

<sup>\*</sup>Percentage of portfolio in stocks at their Foreign Ownership Limits

Performance USD (%)	1 Month	Year-to-date	3 Year (CAGR)	5 Year (CAGR)	10 Year (CAGR)
Vietnam Holding NAV	8.4%	22.8%	25.9%	8.9%	10.0%
Vietnam All Share Index (VNAS)	9.6%	24.0%	17.9%	5.7%	8.4%

Source: Bloomberg, Dynam Capital Ltd. Data for VNAS Total Return (including dividends) is available after 24 July 2015. For consistency, figures reflect the respective simple index and not total return. Total return adds 2-3% to annual index performance reflecting the index dividend yield.

# Manager Commentary - The heat is on

Vietnam's stock market made an impressive comeback in July, with the VN Index reaching its highest level in more than eight months and surpassing major stock markets in the world, such as the US, Korea, India, and China. The momentum stems from a much-improved domestic macroeconomic environment that has been spurred by fiscal and monetary policies, including the State Bank of Vietnam's monetary easing since the beginning of 2023. This included a fourth consecutive round of interest rate cuts in July, which, amidst a stable FX rate, saw month-on-month (MoM) exports increase for the first time this year and a record trade surplus reach US\$15bn.

Vietnam's commitment to sustainable economic development has also helped foreign direct investment (FDI) expand to an all-time high with US\$12bn dispersed in the first seven months of 2023 (7M2023). 70% of this was in the manufacturing sector, which despite still contracting, is back on an upward trend, up 4.2% MoM and 3.6% year-on-year (YoY). To put that into greater context, the Manufacturing Purchasing Manager Index (PMI) was 48.7 in July, the highest level in five months, and we expect the recent rise in production and exports to continue in 2H2023, for example, with Samsung's new series of mobile phones scheduled to be released in August.

Additionally, Vietnam's tourism industry has continued to rebound. International tourist arrivals in the country rocketed to 6.6m for 7M 2023 YoY, growing to nearly 70% of pre-Covid levels, with tourism-related sales increasing by 53.6% YoY. Vietnam's new e-visa extension from 30 to 90 days is projected to enhance the country's resurgent tourist sector in 2H2023. The recent 2% VAT drop and increase in the statutory base rate for officials' and public employees' wages, both of which went into effect in July, should also support purchasing power.

As July was the hottest month on record, the rising average world temperature is only adding on more pressure to the already tense global economy, for example, through reduced labour productivity, damaged crops, higher mortality rates, and massive trade disruption. Nonetheless, Vietnam's efforts in driving its strategies and relevant policies have demonstrated the country's fervent willingness to address climate change issues on its own, including its recently approved National Energy Master Plan.

Public investment will continue to be a key driver of growth in Vietnam's economy in all these areas, with public disbursements increasing 18% YoY to US\$5.7bn in July, according to the Ministry of Finance. Although the fiscal year target of US\$28bn remains unmet, we expect the government to increase public investment expenditures through the end of the year to keep all its economic development plans on track and to mitigate the negative impact of slowing global demand for exports and production. We expect industrial real-estate stocks, such as IDICO (+6%) to benefit from accelerated infrastructure development and FDI.

Because of the growing optimism among both domestic and foreign investors in Vietnam, market liquidity increased dramatically – by 30% from Q1 – to US\$1bn at the end of July. The market is still trading at more attractive levels than its Asian counterparts. The increase in stock market activity helped boost the Fund's position in SSI Securities, a broker, by +14.3%. The Fund's overall +8.4% gain in July was also helped by its overweight positions in FPT (+15.2%) and Gemadept (+12.5%). We underperformed the VNAS index in July, which was up 9.6%, in part on excitement in stocks related to Vincom, whose founder's stake in VinFast was being readied for its debut on Wall Street (via a SPAC on 15th August, temporarily reaching a market value of \$85 billion – almost twice that of General Motors or Ford).



_			_	
10	р	1	U	

Investments	NAV %	% +/-	Manager Comment
FPT	13.3	+15.2%	1H2023's net profit after tax (NPAT) reached USD156mn (+18% YoY) driven by its outsourcing division. 2023PE of 17.2x
Sacombank	6.0	-3.4%	2Q23 NPAT +139% YoY & 6M23 NPAT +84% YoY driven by strong Net Interest Margin (NIM) expansion. 2023PB 1.2x
Vietcombank	5.7	+7.6%	2Q23 NPAT +25% YoY & 6M23 NPAT +18% YoY due to lower provisioning for bad debts. 2023PB 3.2x
MBbank	5.7	+6.7%	2Q23 NPAT +5.8% YoY & 6M23 NPAT +8% YoY due to NIM contraction. 2023PB 1.0x
PV Technical Service	4.9	+5.6%	2Q23 net profit of VND225bn (up 32x y/y from a low base in 2Q22 of VND7bn). 2023PE of 16.9x
Gemadept	4.4	+12.5%	2Q23 core earnings were flat QoQ; one-off gain from Nam Hai Dinh Vu divestment drove NPAT-MI 470% YoY. 2023PE of 7.3x
VPBank	4.3	+11.0%	2Q23 NPAT -13% YoY & 6M23 NPAT -53% YoY due to decline in NIM and increased provisions for bad debts. 2023PB 1.3x
Phu Nhuan Jewelry	4.3	+10.1%	1H2023's NPAT reduced by 0.5% YoY to USD46mn as retail sales dipped by 10% YoY due to weaker demand. 2023PE of 14x
SSI Securities	4.0	+14.3%	Despite market liquidity contracting by 25% YoY, 2Q23 NPAT rose by 35% YoY due to improving investment activities. 2023PB 1.9
IDICO Corp	3.9	+6.0%	1H2023's NPAT dropped by 52% YoY to USD 35.6mn, more revenue expected to be booked in 2H2023. 2023PE of 7.1x

# Total 56.5

### **NAV Performance**



# Sector Weights

# Banks Telecommunications Financial Services Industrial Goods and Services Real Estate Retail Food and Beverage Food and Beverage Basic Resources 13% 12% 11% 7% Energy 6% Food and Beverage 5% Construction and Materials 2% Basic Resources 1% Cash 2%

# **Fund Information**

Closed-end Fund
London Stock Exchange
VNH
GG00BJQZ9H10
SCBLSGSG
30 June 2006
Daily
Continuation vote in 2023
1.75% on NAV below \$300m
1.50% on NAV \$300-600m
1.00% on NAV above \$600m
Sanne Group (Guernsey) Standard Chartered Bank

## Disclaimer

This factsheet is prepared on behalf of Vietnam Holding Ltd. (the "Fund") by Dynam Capital Limited, and is solely communicated to, and directed only at persons who are investment professionals, high net worth companies or others who are entitled to be given the factsheet under the law of the jurisdiction in which it is given. Persons receiving this factsheet should note that past performance is no guide to the future and, in particular, that the past returns of the Vietnamese stock market, or of companies listed on it, are no guarantee of the future returns of Vietnam Holding. This factsheet and the information contained herein must not be acted on or relied on for any purpose whatsoever. This factsheet is strictly confidential and may not be copied or distributed or passed on by recipient. No understanding representation or warranty or other assurance, express or implied, is made or given by any person to the accuracy, fairness or completeness of the information or opinions contained in this factsheet and no responsibility or liability is accepted for any such information or opinions. It is the responsibility of every person reading this document to satisfy themselves as to the full observance of the laws of any relevant country, including obtaining any government or other consent which may be required or observing any other formality which needs to be observed in that country.